TSMO for Transportation Resilience: Bridging the way with innovation

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Session Goals

- Why TSMO and what do we mean by resiliency for operations?
- Share how institutional and organizational processes support resilient operations.
- Promote the use of innovative data sources, like crowdsourcing, and how it can be leveraged for resilient operations.









Photo Source: Pixabay



Session Highlights



2

FHWA Every Day Counts (EDC) Program and the Crowdsourcing Innovation

Overview of TSMO and Resiliency

Examples from TSMO foundations and support innovations



Moving Forward

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Source: Pixabay





FHWA EDC Program and Crowdsourcing



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What is Every Day Counts?

FHWA EDC Program and Crowdsourcing State- and local-based model that identifies and rapidly deploys proven, yet underutilized innovations to:



Shorten Project Delivery



Enhance Roadway Safety



Reduce Traffic Congestion



Integrate Automation



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EDC Innovation Rounds



FHWA EDC Program and Crowdsourcing

- Two-year cycle each round
- 5-10 innovations each round
- State Departments of Transportation (DOTs) self-report progress by capability maturity advances

Not Implementing Development Demonstration Assessment Institutionalized

Crowdsourcing was an EDC Round 5 and Round 6 Innovation.



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What is Crowdsourcing

The practice of addressing a need or problem by enlisting the services of a large number of people via technologies.





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Crowdsourcing Innovation



FHWA EDC Program and Crowdsourcing



Mission: Advance transportation systems management and operations (TSMO) through broader, active use of crowdsourced data for better operations, safety, reliability, and cost.

Innovation Goals:

- 1. Foster understanding of crowdsourcing and data management
- 2. Promote crowdsourcing successes to prompt replication and adoption
- 3. Accelerate crowdsourcing use maturity by helping remove agency-specific barriers

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Overview of TSMO and Resiliency

Why TSMO (Transportation Systems Management & Operations)?

- TSMO focuses on actively managing the multimodal transportation network to deliver improved safety and mobility outcomes.
- TSMO is an integrated set of strategies to optimize the performance of infrastructure through the implementation of multimodal and multijurisdictional systems, services, and projects designed to preserve capacity and improve security, safety, and reliability of the transportation system.

- Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century (MAP-21)





How is TSMO described?

- Proactive and Reactive
- Recurring and Non-recurring
- Entire Transportation System (Multi-modal, Multi-jurisdiction)
- Integrated Strategies
- Offers near-term, lower cost solutions
- Works as an alternative or complement to adding capacity
- Supported by ITS
- Moving People and Goods, not just Cars and Trucks





Why resiliency?

"For a transportation system, resilience is the capability to recover from a disruption to an operational level similar to prior to the disruption in a timely manner. The longer and deeper the impact of the disruption on operations, the less resilient a transport system is."

Inherent effects of Disruptions:

- Natural
- Anthropogenic

- Source: Rodrique, Jean-Paul (2020), The Geography of Transport Systems



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Natural Disruptions

- Weather events
 - Regular (storms and blizzards)
 - Extreme (floods, hurricanes, tornados, and droughts)
- Geophysical (earthquakes, tsunamis, and volcanic ash clouds)
- Geomagnetic storms (solar activity)
- Biological (pandemic)





Anthropogenic Disruptions

- Accidents
 - Mobile (Modal crashes)
 - Stationary (Industrial)
- Infrastructure failure
- Conflicts
 - Wars
 - Civil unrest
 - Terrorism
- **EDC**

- Economic risks
- Cyberattacks
 - Intentional
 - Unintentional
- Sanitary



Risk Management – Proactive Preparation

- Risk assessment
- Preparedness
- Mitigation
- Response
- Recovery
- Collaboration

Resiliency is Bouncing Back!







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Examples from TSMO and Support Innovations



Bridging Resiliency to:

- Institutional and Organizational Foundations for TSMO
- Emerging TSMO Data Sources and Analytics
 - Crowdsourced Data





Linking Resiliency to TSMO

- Dimensions of TSMO Capability
 - Business Processes
 - Systems and Technology
 - Data and Performance Management
 - Culture
 - Organization and Staffing
 - Collaboration





Real-Time Monitoring: A Weakness in the Foundation of Operations

There are 4 primary limitations in our typical approach to real-time monitoring:

- 1. Big gaps in geographic coverage.
- 2. Lags in timeliness of information.
- 3. Cost to build-out and maintain field equipment.
- 4. Jurisdictional stovepipes.





Source: FHWA

These limitations reduce the ability to efficiently and (cost) effectively operate the system.





Bridging Resiliency to Emerging Data Innovations

- Crowdsourced data
- Differences between crowdsourced and traditional Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) data





All Photos Source: Unsplash



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States Benefitted from Crowdsourcing

during EDC-5 Jan 2019 – Dec 2020



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EDC



*Based on feedback from 24 State Departments of Transportation participating in the EDC-5 Crowdsourcing for Operations Innovation.

Note: States focused on different applications of crowdsourced data; thus, States find benefits from a subset of the six areas.

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Why Crowdsourcing for Operations?

✓ Improve Operations



✓ Increase Safety and Reliability



✓ Save Cost



22



Crowdsourced Data Characteristics

- Greater volume, velocity, and variety than traditional ITS Infrastructure
- Does not require roadside ITS infrastructure such as loop detectors
- Actively or passively generated
- Real-time or archived \bullet



Source: Unsplash





Sources of Crowdsourced Data for Transportation Operations

- 1. Vehicle probe
- 2. Navigation app
- 3. Social media
- 4. Connected vehicle
- 5. 311 and 511 apps
- 6. Multimodal probe data



Source: Pixabay



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Traffic Incident Management



Source: FHWA

Traveler Information



Source: Pixabay

Work Zone Management



Source: Unsplash

Emergency Management



Source: FHWA

Road Weather Management



Source: Pixabay

Arterial Management



Source: Unsplash



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Freeway Management



Source: FHWA

Project Prioritization



Source: Unsplash

Traffic Studies



Source: Pixabay

Performance Management



Source: Pixabay

Road/ITS Maintenance



Source: Pixabay

Other Applications?



Source: Pixabay



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Crowdsourcing Applications for Emergency Management



Source: Acuweather.com



- Situational awareness
- Detour management
- Queue monitoring
- Improve safety



Unplanned Bridge Closure I-65 NB, Indiana DOT

- Day 1: a 4-hour detour with negative press.
- Used vehicle probe data to visualize corridor performance.

42 15

Wiles 10

- Implemented multiple operational changes.
- Day 5: Detour navigable further negative press.



Aug 12

Aug 13







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Georgia DOT Manages Back of Queue Using Crowdsourced Data



Georgia DOT Safety Service Patrol uses Waze[®] and colorcoded speed maps from their public-facing 511 site to position mobile message signs and warn approaching drivers of slow downs.

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Lake County Integrates Navigation Application **Data for Signal Responsiveness**

- From manual, infrequent to automated, continuous data collection
- Proactively implements alternate signal timing for crashes or adverse weather
- Significant savings on signal coordination and timing studies



Travel Time, Delay, and Speed Data from Waze, Stops from Automated Traffic Signal Performance Measures SPEED/DELAY SUMMARY Butterfield Rd. - (Allanson Rd. To IL 137)

		Condition	Travel Time	Delay	Stops	Average Speed
AM PEAK	N/B	Pre-imp.*	380	44.7	1.3	35.1
		Post-imp.**	374	43.3	1.7	35.7
	S/B	Pre-imp.	620.3	287	5.7	21.5
		Post-imp.	356.7	28.7	1.0	37.4

Source: Lake County DOT





Crowdsourcing Applications for Road Weather Management



Source: Colorado DOT



- Expand weather-reporting geography and timeliness
- Reduce operator workload
- Facilitate real-time weather responsive strategies
- Facilitate post-weather response studies



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Detour Management North Carolina Roadway Flooding

- Hurricanes Michael and Florence created unusual flooding.
- North Carolina DOT developed new information sharing procedures, working with navigation providers.
- Significant road users benefits.





Queue Management for Hurricane Evacuation in Alabama

- Coastal areas and neighboring states contribute to network problems.
- Alabama DOT used a crowdsourced tool to identify choke points.
- Choke points prompted planning for alternate routes.
- Tracking of effectiveness possible.



Source: Pixabay



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Situational Awareness and Safety Florida Emergency Shoulder Use (ESU)

- Shared ESU with mapping providers, mass media, and social media.
- Florida DOT also uses road telemetry and crowdsourced data for monitoring emergency events.



Source: Florida Department of Transportation



Traffic Diversion Planning Tennessee DOT





- I-40 bridge required emergency repairs, requiring a detour for a 2-month duration.
- Multiple crowdsourced data complemented intelligent transportation systems (ITS) to actively manage detour strategies.
- Resulted in better traveler information, multiagency collaboration, and operational enhancements.

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Moving Forward

TSMO Resources





- **Organizing / Planning for Operations**
 - **Capability Maturity Model (CMM) Self-Assessment**
 - Strategic / Program Planning for TSMO •
 - Planning for TSMO (Web-based / Web-conference)
 - **Traffic Analysis Tools** •
- **ITS Technology Deployments** ٠
 - **ITS Architecture**
 - **Systems Engineering Analysis**
 - Cybersecurity
- TSMO Tactical Areas (Work Zones, Road Weather, Traffic • Management, etc.)
- TSMO Approaches (ATDM, Shared Mobility, ICM, CAV, Complete • Streets)
- **Peer Exchanges** •



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Crowdsourcing Resources



FHWA EDC Program and Crowdsourcing



- Crowdsourcing 101 course
- Technical assistance
- Crowdsourcing cohorts
- Adventures in Crowdsourcing webinar series
- Website Factsheet, FAQs
- Reach out to EDC-6 Co-leads:

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Thank you

Questions / Comments Please?



Grant Programs

- Advanced Transportation Technologies and Innovative Mobility Development (ATTIMD)/Advanced Transportation Technology and Innovation (ATTAIN)
 - Improve emergency evacuation and responses
 - \$60 million per year to FY 2026
- Surface Transportation System Funding Alternatives (STSFA) Program
- Accelerated Innovation Demonstration (AID)





Grant Programs

- Promoting Resilient Operations for Transformative, Efficient, and Cost-Saving Transportation (PROTECT)
 - More resilient to natural hazards, including flooding, extreme weather events, and other natural disasters
 - Up to \$300 million per year to FY 2026 as planning, resilience improvement, community resilience & evacuation route, and at-risk coastal infrastructure grants
- Rebuilding American Infrastructure with Sustainability and Equity (RAISE)
- Rural Surface Transportation Grant Program



