A MESSAGE FROM TITLE VI SPECIALIST JOANNA P. MCFADDEN

The primary goal of the Arkansas State Highway and Transportation Department's Title VI Program is to ensure that all appropriate personnel and contractors are aware of the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and are fully aware of their Title VI responsibilities as well as ADA/504.

The Department's EEO Section is available to provide you with technical assistance, resources, guidance, and any other information pertaining to Title VI and ADA/504.

Should you have any questions or concerns regarding the Title VI Program, please do not hesitate to contact me at (501) 569-2298, Voice/TTY 711.

Spænne P. Metallen



ARKANSAS STATE HIGHWAY AND TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT

NOTICE OF NONDISCRIMINATION

The Arkansas State Highway and Transportation Department (Department) complies with all civil rights provisions of federal statues and related authorities that prohibit discrimination in programs and activities receiving federal financial assistance. Therefore, the Department does not discriminate on the basis of race, sex, color, age, national origin, religion or disability, in the admission, access to and treatment in Department's programs and activities, as well as the Department's hiring or employment practices. Complaints of alleged discrimination and inquiries regarding the Department's nondiscrimination policies may be directed to Joanna P. McFadden, Section Head - EEO/DBE (ADA/504/Title VI Coordinator), P. O. Box 2261, Little Rock, AR 72203, (501) 569-2298, (Voice/TTY 711), or the following email address: Joanna.McFadden@ahtd.ar.gov

This notice is available from the ADA/504/Title VI Coordinator in large print, on audiotape and in Braille.

Your Guide To Title VI Civil Rights Act of 1964

ARKANSAS STATE
HIGHWAY
AND
TRANSPORTATION
DEPARTMENT

10324 Interstate 30 Little Rock, AR 72209

Phone: 501-569-2298 Voice/TTY 711 Fax: 501-569-2693



Nondiscrimination in the Federal

Highway Program

The focal point of nondiscrimination law is Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, or national origin in any program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance. However, the broader application of the nondiscrimination law is found in other statutes, regulations and Executive Orders. Section 324 of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973 prohibits discrimination based on sex. The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 prohibits unfair and inequitable treatment of persons as a result of projects that are undertaken with Federal financial assistance. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability as does the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA). The ADA also prohibits discrimination in the provision of access to public buildings and requires that rest areas be accessible by wheelchair. The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 prohibits age discrimination. The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987 clarified the intent of Title VI to include all program and activities of Federal-aid recipients and contractors whether those programs and activities are federally-funded or not.

What programs are covered by Title VI?

Federally assisted programs address such broad and diverse areas as:

- Transportation (including transit)
- Construction
- Elementary, secondary, and higher education
- Health care, social services, and public welfare.

- Parks and recreation
- Natural resources and the environment
- Employment and job training
- Law enforcement and the administration of justice
- Agriculture and nutrition
- Housing and community development

What discrimination is prohibited?

There are many forms of illegal discrimination based on race, color, sex, national origin, religion or disability that can limit the opportunity of minorities to gain equal access to services and programs. Among other things, in operating a federally assisted program, a recipient cannot, on the basis of race, color, sex, national origin, religion or disability, either directly or through contractual means:

- Deny program services, aids, or benefits;
- Provide a different service, aid, or benefit, or provide them in a different manner than they are provided to others; or
- Segregate or separately treat individuals in any matter related to the receipt of any service, aid, or benefit.

How can I file a discrimination complaint?

You may file a signed, written complaint within 180 days from the date of the alleged discrimination. The complaint should include:

- Your name, address, and telephone number.
- The name and address of the agency, institution, or department you believe discriminated against you.
- How, why and when you believe you were discriminated against. Include as much specific, detailed information as possible about the alleged acts of discrimination, and any other relevant information. Include names of individuals whom you allege discriminated against you, if you know them.
- The names of any persons, if known, who the Department can contact for clarity of your allegations.

Please submit your signed complaint to the address on the front, attention of Joanna P. McFadden Section Head—EEO/DBE (ADA/504 and Title VI Coordinator).